Romantic Essay Intro

Enlightenment writers viewed city life as a place abundant with opportunity and the potential for prosperity, while Romantic writers viewed the city as a plague-ridden world of decay, corruption, and evil. These vastly different perspectives can be seen when comparing passages from the following two novels: The Autobiography by Benjamin Franklin, an Enlightenment piece, and Arthur Melvyn by Charles Brockden Brown, a Romantic piece. In the first passage, Benjamin Franklin uses bread as a symbol for the Enlightenment belief that the city is a place of opportunity and prosperity, while in the second passage, Charles Brockden Brown uses bread as a symbol for the Romantic belief that the city is a plaque-ridden world of decay, corruption, and evil.

Introduction is concise.

Thesis makes a claim - Bread = Symbol

Thesis is specific - En. = opportunity, prosperity Rom. = decay, corruption, evil

Thesis incorporates the two texts (passage A and B), the claim (bread), and the

prior knowledge (En. = opportunity, prosperity Rom. = decay, corruption, evil)

Body Paragraph 1: Enlightenment Evidence

Body Paragraph 2: Romantic Evidence

Conclusion: wraps everything up.